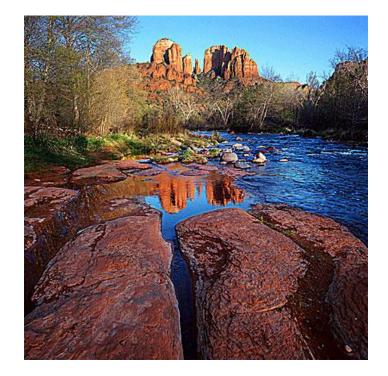
#### An Introduction to NatureServe Linking Conservation and Transportation Planning Phoenix, Arizona November 8 & 9, 2006



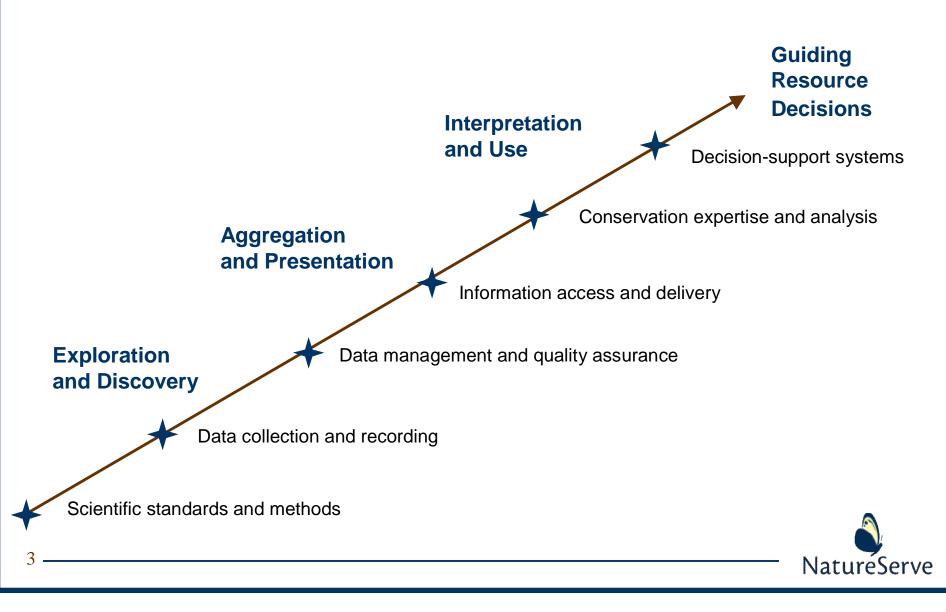
### NatureServe in Brief

- § An independent, non-profit conservation organization
- § Provides the scientific basis for effective conservation
- § Coordinates and supports the network of state natural heritage programs
- S Carrying forward 30 years of scientific experience
- § Collaboration and service to all sectors—government, conservation NGOs, academia, and industry.









# The NatureServe Network

- NatureServe's Member Programs operate across the Americas to distribute authoritative information critical to conservation
- Member Programs use standard methods for collecting and managing biodiversity data
- Over 800 scientists and technology specialists working locally



#### **Setting Management Priorities**

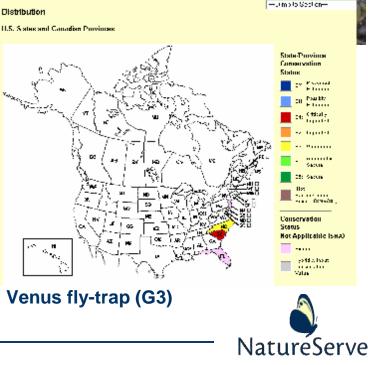
§ NatureServe conservation status ranks consider a dozen risk factors such as:

ü number and condition of populationsü trends in populations and rangesü threats, either known or likely

#### § Uses a one to five scale

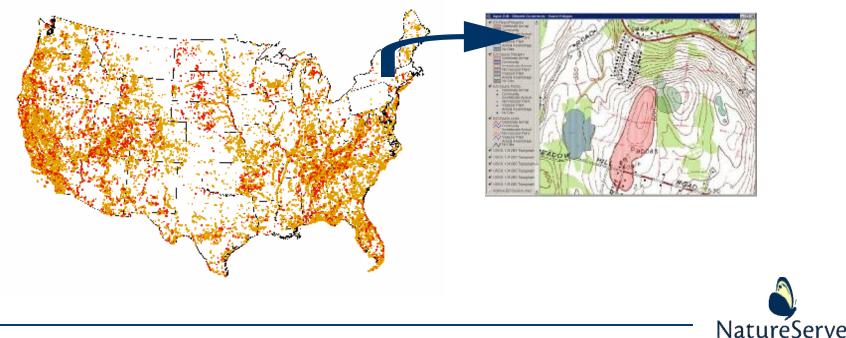
- ü critically imperiled (G1) to secure (G5)
- ü Presumed (GX) and possible extinctions (GH)





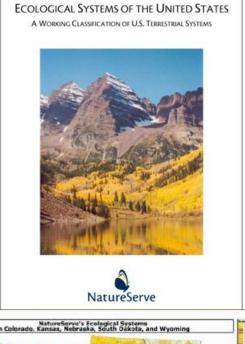
Detailed Mapping of At-Risk Species and Ecological Communities

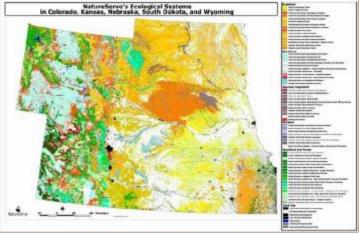
- § State natural heritage programs map population and stand-level occurrences using nationally consistent standards.
- § NatureServe maintains an aggregated national data set with more than 500,000 occurrences, and millions of individual observations.



#### **Ecological Communities Classification**

- U.S. National Vegetation Classification
  developed by TNC/NatureServe; now the federal data standard,
- § Canadian National Vegetation Classification – under development, beginning with forest ecosystems
- § Ecological Systems of the U.S. (pub. June 2003), Ecological Systems of Latin America (pub. Oct. 2003)
- Systems have been mapped across much of the Western U.S. and Canada, as well as other areas in the Americas (North, Central and South)
- § NatureServe network & partners continually adding to classifications & mapping systems and vegetation

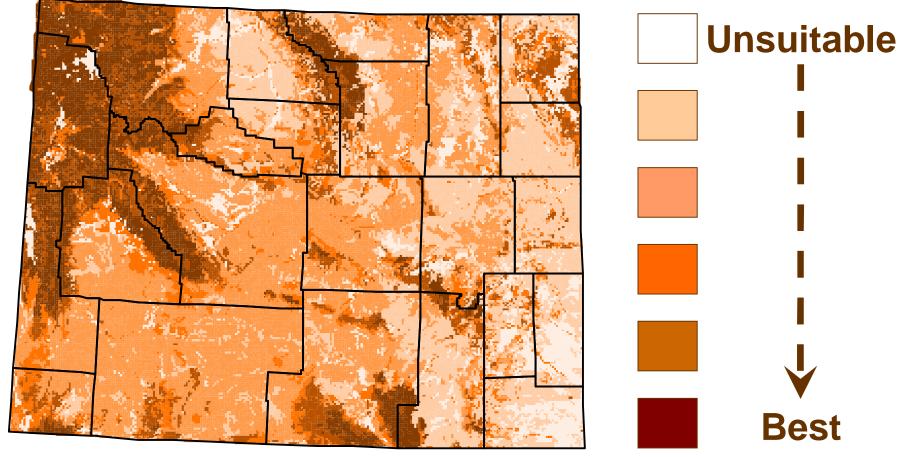






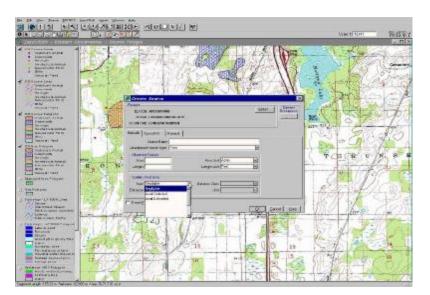
# Predictive Distribution Modeling

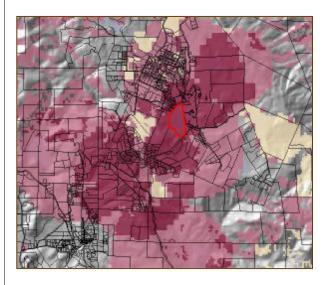
Canada lynx (*Lynx canadensis*) habitat in Wyoming



Source: Wyoming Natural Diversity Database

# Tools that Encompass Our Standards:





- Data Management Biotics
- Data Access **NatureServe** Explorer (<u>http://www.natureserve.org/explorer</u>)
- Land Use Analysis NatureServe Vista



# Uses of NatureServe Data



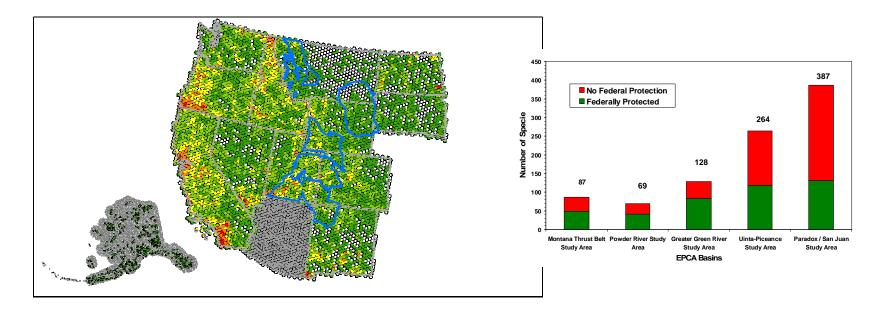
#### Department of Transportation Pipeline Safety Risk Mitigation

- § Formal rule for unusually sensitive areas (USAs) under the Pipeline Safety Act relies on NatureServe conservation status ranks (G1 and G2 species)
- S Nationwide mapping of ecological USAs relies on consistent NatureServe locational data for federally listed and G1G2 species





#### Bureau of Land Management A regional context for Species of Concern in BLM Resource Development Planning Areas

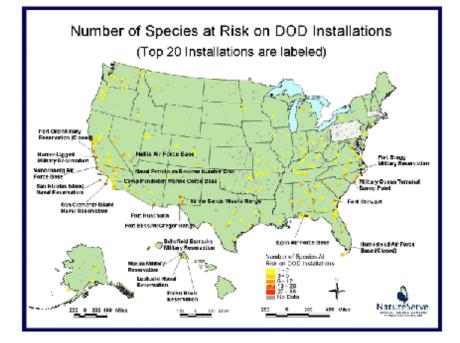


- § Document the importance of populations on BLM planning areas compared to other known populations
- § Quality and quantity measures

### **Department of Defense**

- Mapped the locations of at-risk plants and animals lacking federal protection
- The military incorporates this information into natural resource management plans to help protect these species <u>before</u> they are listed as threatened or endangered





Longleaf Pine Regeneration at Fort Benning Photo by Milo Pyne



How can NatureServe assist the transportation community? Improve and streamline planning processes through use of: -Land Use Planning Tools (NatureServe Vista) -Standardized Data on T&E Species and Areas of High Biodiversity -Experts in conservation analysis

#### In Summary:

Conservation is a public objective. The tools and approaches presented in this workshop will assist us in identifying and preserving the unique and irreplaceable areas in Arizona.